ALIPHATIC POLYESTER AND ITS PRODUCTION

Publication number: JP2000143781

Publication date: 2000-05-26

Inventor:

SAKANE MASANORI; TANIGAWA MITSUYO

Applicant:

DAICEL CHEM

Classification:

- international:

C08G63/08; C08G63/91; C08L101/16; C08G63/00;

C08L101/00; (IPC1-7): C08G63/08; C08G63/91

- European:

Application number: JP19980323159 19981113 Priority number(s): JP19980323159 19981113

Report a data error here

Abstract of JP2000143781

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To obtain an aliphatic polyester having controlled thermal decomposition property, hydrolyzability and biodegradability without varying various other physical properties. SOLUTION: An aliphatic polyester is produced by the ring-opening polymerization of a lactone (e.g. &epsi -caprolactone) or a lactide (e.g. lactic acid) using a high-boiling monoalcohol (e.g. hexanol) or a metal alkoxide (e.g. an aluminum alkoxide) as an initiator to decrease the contents of alcohol terminal and carboxylic acid terminal to <=50% and <=30%, respectively. The contents of alcohol terminal and carboxylic acid terminal can be further decreased by bonding the terminals of the obtained polymer with a diisocyanate, etc.

Data supplied from the esp@cenet database - Worldwide